10/523,184

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LOGINID: SSPTAYLC1626

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Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS
     1
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS
                 CASREACT(R) - Over 10 million reactions available
        DEC 05
NEWS
     3
                 2006 MeSH terms loaded in MEDLINE/LMEDLINE
        DEC 14
NEWS 4
                 2006 MeSH terms loaded for MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER
NEWS 5
        DEC 14
                 CA/CAplus to be enhanced with updated IPC codes
NEWS
        DEC 14
                 IPC search and display fields enhanced in CA/CAplus with the
NEWS
        DEC 21
                 IPC reform
                New IPC8 SEARCH, DISPLAY, and SELECT fields in USPATFULL/
        DEC 23
NEWS
     8
                 USPAT2
        JAN 13
                 IPC 8 searching in IFIPAT, IFIUDB, and IFICDB
NEWS
    9
NEWS 10
         JAN 13
                 New IPC 8 SEARCH, DISPLAY, and SELECT enhancements added to
                 INPADOC
                 Pre-1988 INPI data added to MARPAT
NEWS 11
        JAN 17
                 IPC 8 in the WPI family of databases including WPIFV
        JAN 17
NEWS 12
                 Saved answer limit increased
NEWS 13
        JAN 30
                 Monthly current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency
        JAN 31
NEWS 14
                 added to TULSA
```

NEWS EXPRESS JANUARY 03 CURRENT VERSION FOR WINDOWS IS V8.01,
CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 DECEMBER 2005.
V8.0 USERS CAN OBTAIN THE UPGRADE TO V8.01 AT
http://download.cas.org/express/v8.0-Discover/

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NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

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=> ile reg

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=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

8

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

NH₂

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10523184\10523184.str

O

X CH2'1-6Cy CH2'0-1 CH 1 2 3 4 5

chain nodes:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
chain bonds:
1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-8 6-7
exact/norm bonds:
2-3 3-4 5-8 6-7
exact bonds:
1-2 4-5 5-6

Match level: 1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:Atom 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS

Generic attributes :

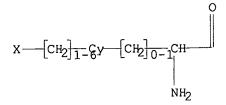
3:

Saturation : Unsaturated

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

1 ANSWERS

39 ANSWERS

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:05:57 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 61144 TO ITERATE

3.3% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **INCOMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 1208151 TO 1237609 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 280 TO 942

L2 1 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:06:13 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1223921 TO ITERATE

81.7% PROCESSED 1000000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.16

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **INCOMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 1223921 TO 1223921 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 39 TO 67

L3 39 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 167.38 167.59

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:06:40 ON 10 FEB 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> s 13

L4 15 L3

=> d ibib abs hitstr tot

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L4 ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1242590 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:2014
```

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

144:2014
Modulating pH-sensitive binding using non-natural
amino acids
Datta, Deepshikha: Goddard, William A.; Tirrell,
David; Peng, Joyce Yaochun
USA
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 42 pp.
CODEN: USXXCO
Patent INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE (5): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
US 2005260711	Al	20051124	US 2005-94625	20050330		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-557541P P	20040330		

The invention provides methods, systems and reagents for regulating pH-sensitive protein interaction by incorporating non-natural amino acids into the protein (e.g. an antibody, or its functional fragment,

into the protein (e.g. an antibody, of its functional fragment,
etc.). The invention also relates to specific uses in regulating
pH-sensitive binding of antibodies to tumor site, by conferring enhanced
tumor-specificity/selectivity. In that embodiment, the non-natural amino
acids preferably have desirable side-chain pfx's, such that at below
physiol. pH (e.g. about pH 6.3-6.5) the non-natural amino acid confer
enhanced binding to tumor antigens in acidic environments. Such
non-natural amino acids can be incorporated by any suitable means, such

by utilizing a modified aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase to charge the nonstandard amino acid to a modified tRNA, which forms strict

on-Crick
base-pairing with a codon that normally forms wobble base-pairing with
natural tRNAs (e.g. the degenerate codon orthogonal system).
865949-99-0 8659850-00-0 869850-01-1
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(modulating pH-sensitive binding using non-natural amino acids)
865949-99-0 CAPLUS
L-Histidine, 2-(fluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) TΤ

Absolute stereochemistry.

869850-00-0 CAPLUS L-Histidine, 5-(fluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1124679 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:70833
Radioactively labelled amino acid analogues, their
preparation and use
Hertens, John J. R.
Mallinckrodt Inc., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT				KIN		DATE			APPL					D	ATE	
WO	2004																
	W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ВZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
							DK,										
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS.	LT.	LU.	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,
		PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,
		TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YŲ,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			
	RW:	GH.	GM.	KE.	LS.	MW.	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG.	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PΤ,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
		BF.	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	G₩,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
CA	2494	704			AA		2004	1223		CA 2	003-	2494	704		2	0030	801
EP	1539	250			A1		2005	0615		EP 2	003-	8169	86		2	0030	801
	R:	AT.	BE.	CH.	DE.	DK.	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI.	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	ΗU,	sĸ	
PRIORIT	Y APP									EP 2	002-	7822	8	1	A 2	0020	802

WO 2003-US24436 W 20030801

OTHER SOURCE(S):

R SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:70833 The present invention relates to Halogenated amino acid analogs for use

diagnosis, which compds. have the general formula

X-(CH2)n-R(CH2)m-CH(NH2)
CO2H wherein: R is (C1-C6) alkyl optionally substituted with thioether

ether oxygen atom when n = 0, or a substituted aromatic or heterarom.

when n = 1-6; and m = 0 or 1; and X is a halogen atom. The invention further relates to precursor compds. for these analogs, to a method of preparing these analogs, to a pharmaceutical composition comprising eanalogs and to the use of these analogs and compns. in the diagnosis of cancer. 131446-53-0 813446-51-4 813445-52-5 813446-53-8 813446-54-7 813446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-63-7 813446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-53-8 13446-58-1 81346-58-1 81346-

IΤ

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (radiolabeled amino acid analogs as imaging agents)

813446-50-3 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, 2-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

869850-01-1 CAPLUS L-Histidine, 2,5-bis(fluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN Absolute stereochemistry. (Continued)

813446-51-4 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 2-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-52-5 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 3-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{1\theta_F-CH_2} \xrightarrow{\text{CH}_2-CH-Co}_{\text{CH}_2}^{\text{NH}_2}$$

813446-53-6 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 4-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-54-7 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 2-[2-(fluoro-18F)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

813446-55-8 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 3-[2-(fluoro-18F)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-56-9 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 4-[2-(fluoro-18F)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-57-0 CAPLUS 2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, α-amino-3-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-58-1 CAPLUS 2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, α-amino-4-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-59-2 CAPLUS

ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) L4

813446-64-9 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 2-(fluoro-18F-methyl)-5-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-65-0 CAPLUS Tyrosine, 2-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-66-1 CAPLUS
2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, q-amino-6-(fluoro-18F-methyl)-4-hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-67-2 CAPLUS 2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, \(\alpha\)-a-mino-3-{fluoro-18F-methyl}-5-hydroxy-{9CI}\) (CA INDEX NAME)

B13446-68-3 CAPLUS
Phenylalanine, 3-[2-(fluoro-18F)ethyl]-5-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) 2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, a-amino-5-(fluoro-18F-methyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-60-5 CAPLUS 2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, α-amino-3-[2-(fluoro-18F)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-61-6 CAPLUS 2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, α -amino-4-[2-(fluoro-18F)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-62-7 CAPLUS 2-Pyridinepropanoic acid, α -amino-5-[2-(fluoro-18F)ethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

813446-63-8 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 3-(fluoro-18F-methyl)-5-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:404935 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:59136

131:59136
Pyridones as Src family SH2 domain inhibitors
Betageri, Rajashekhar; Beaulieu, Pierre L.;
Llinas-Brunet, Montse; Ferland, Jean-Marie; Cardozo,
Mario: Moss, Neil: Patel, Ushar Proudfoot, John R.
Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 172 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent TITLE: INVENTOR (S) :

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT I																
WO	9931																
	W:	ΑU,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	EE,	HU	, IL,	JP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LT.	, LV,	ΜX,
											, UZ,						
	RW:	AT.	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR	, GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	, MC,	NL,
		PT.	SE														
CA	2315	113			AA		1999	0624		CA	1998	-2315	113			19981	209
Att	9917	194			A1		1999	0705		ΑU	1999-	-1719	4			19981	209
115	6054	470			A		2000	0425		us	1998	-2081	13			19981	209
EP	1045	AZE			Al		2000	1025		EP	1998	-9620	22			19981	209
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					FI.		,	,	,		,	,	,	,			•
70	2003						2003	0422		.TP	2000-	-5389	93			19981	209
OF.	9811	570	02		, ·		1000	0016		7 h	1000	-1157	ñ			19981	217
ZA	6268	3/0			, A		2001	0771		110	1000	4386	20			10001	112
US	6284	363			B1		2001	0004			1000	4206	47			10001	112
US	6156	768			BI		2001	1205		us	1222	4556	22			10001	207
					А		2000	1203		U3	1333.	-4330	33		_	19971	210
ORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						US	1997	-6997	IP		P	199/1	210
										US	1998	-2081	13		A3	19981	209
											1000	11026	122		w	19981	200

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 131:59136

AB Compds. A-Q-NB-CH(D-NH-E)-CH2-a-R-C (ring a is selected from cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl: A = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl: Q = CO, SO2, C:S: B = H, alkyl, a nitrogen-protecting group: R = bond, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl

US 1999-129414P

P 19990415

PRI

nitrogen-protecting group; R = Bohn, alky, sayl, heterocycly, oalkyl
linker; C is an acidic functionality that carries one or two neg. charges at physiol. pH; D = CH2, CO, C:S; E are certain six-membered unsatd. heterocycles) were prepared These compds. possess the ability to disrupt the interaction between regulatory proteins possessing one or more SH2 domains and their native ligands. Thus, 3-[2'(S)-(1'''-naphthylacetyl)amino-3'-[4''-[(1'''-carboxy-1'''-methylethyl)benzene]propanoylamino]-1-(4-methoxybenzyl)-4-methyl-2-pyridone was prepared and showed IC50 = 96 µM for blocking IL-2 uction in human blood CD4 pos. T-lymphocytes after T cell receptor and CD28 crosslinking.
228411-62-9
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(pyridones as Src family SH2 domain inhibitors)

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
131:67637
Ligands for the Tyrosine Kinase p56lck SH2 Domain:
Discovery of Potent Dipeptide Derivatives with
Monocharged, Nonhydrolyzable Phosphate Replacements
Beaulieu, Pierre L.; Cameron, Dale R.; Ferland,
Jean-Marie; Gauthier, Jean; Ghiro, Elise; Gillard,
James: Gorya, Vida; Poirier, Martin; Rancourt, Jean;
Wernic, Dominik; Llinas-Brunet, Montse; Betageri,

Raj;

Cardozo, Mario: Hickey, Eugene R.; Ingraham, Richard; Jakes, Scott: Kabcenell, Alisa: Kirrane, Tom: Lukas, Susan: Patel, Usha: Proudfoot, John: Sharma, Rajiv; Tong, Liang: Moss, Neil
Bio-Mega Research Division, Boehringer Ingelheim (Canada) Ltd., Laval, QC, H73 265, Can.
Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1999), 42(10), 1757-1766
CODEN: JMCMAR: ISSN: 0022-2623
American Chemical Society
Journal
English

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI

H2O3PO **Н3ССОМН**

P561ck is a member of the src family of tyrosine kinases. Through

AB PS6lck is a member of the src family of tyrosine kinases. Through modular binding units called SH2 domains, p56lck promotes phosphotyrosine-dependent protein-protein interactions and plays a critical role in signal transduction events that lead to T-cell activation. Starting from the phosphorylated dipeptide (I), a high-affinity ligand for the p56lck SH2 domain, novel dipeptides were designed that contain monocharged, nonhydrolyzable phosphate group replacements and bind to the protein with KD's in the low micromolar range. Replacement of the phosphate group in phosphotyrosine-containing sequences by a (RK)-hydroxyacetic or an oxamic acid moiety leads to hydrolytically stable, monocharged ligands, with 83-

acid moiety leads to hydrolytically stable, monocharged ligands, with 83-and 233-fold decreases in potency, resp. This loss in binding affinity can be partially compensated for by incorporating large lipophilic groups at the inhibitor N-terminus. These groups provide up to 13-fold

ANSWER 3 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Co 228411-62-9 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, 4-(chloromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) of novel therapeutics for conditions assocd. With undesired T-cell proliferation.

134790-19-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (design and preparation of dipeptide derivs. as ligands for binding to tyrosine kinase p561ck SH2 domain)

134790-19-5 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, 4-(chloromethyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) L4

ΙT

Absolute stereochemistry

● HC1

THERE ARE 68 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

FORMAT

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:746209 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:19324

126:19324
Preparation of arylaulfonylamino acid amide trypsin
and thrombin inhibitors.
Hoyle, William; Howarth, Graham Arton; Brundish, TITLE:

INVENTOR (S):

Derek Edward: Kane, Peter Daniel: Walker, Clive Victor: Hayler, Judy: Fullerton, Joseph David: Smith, Garric Paul: Wathey, William Bernard: et al. Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. PCT Int. Appl., 202 pp. CODEN: PIXX02

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 9629327 Al 19960926 W0 1996-GB520 19960308 W: AL, AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, LAU, US, UZ, YN RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, LT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CP, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG WO 9629327 mr, NE, SN, TD, TG 9648872 A1 19961008 AU 1996-48872 19960308 815103 A1 19980107 EP 1996-904963 19960308 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, AU 9648872 EP 815103 JP 1996-528155 ZA 1996-2112 GB 1995-5538 JP 11502219 19990223 19960918 т2 ZA 9602112 19960315 A 19950318 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .:

MARPAT 126:19324

OTHER SOURCE(S):

$$Q^{1=} - N \begin{pmatrix} (CH_2)_m & X \\ Z & Q^{2=} - N \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} (CH_2)_j & X \\ (CH_2)_k & Y \end{pmatrix}$$

AB ArsoZAQ [Ar = (substituted) aryl, heterocyclyl; A = amino acid residue; Q = 01, Q2; X = H, alkyl; Y = S03H, PO(OR14)2, OH, SH, NR1SR16, halo, (substituted) (CqH2q)Q3, stc.; Q3 = H, COR14, CO2R14, CORNISR16, S03H, OR14, OCOR14, PO(OR14)2, NR1SR16, SR14, halo; R14, R15, R16 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl; R19R16N = 5-6 membered azacycloalkyl, oxazacycloalkyl; XY = 0; Z = bond, O, N optionally substituted by X or Y; m, n = 2-4; m + n = 4-6, J, k = 0-2; J + k = 2-3; when A = Arg, then X, Y = alkyl; when Q = COR14, then q = 1-81, were prepared Thus, (S)-arginine and 3-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)benzenesulfonyl chloride were stirred with Na2CO3 in H2O/dioxane to give 5-guanidino-2(S)-(3-(1-methyl-1-

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:609917 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:248492
TITLE: Preparation of peptides and compounds that bind to

(src homology region 2) domains of proteins and methods for their identification Patel, Dinesh V.; Gordeev, Mikhail F.; Gordon, Eric; Grove, J., Russell; Mart, Charles P.; Kim, Moon H.; Szardenings, Anna Katrin Affymax Technologies N.V., Neth. PCT Int. Appl., 204 pp. CODEM: PIKKD2
Patent English 1

WO 1996-GB520

INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT				KIN	D	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		D.	ATE	
	9623				A1	-	1006			WA 1	996-	1015	44		1	9960	131
WO																	
	W:										CA,						
		ES.	FI,	GB,	GE,	Hυ,	15,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
		LU.	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	ΜX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	Rυ,	SD,	SE,
		SG.	SI														
	RW:	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,
		IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,
NE																	
AU	9649	720			A1		1996	0821		AU 1	996-	4972	0		1	9960	131
PRIORIT			INFO	.:					1	US 1	995-	3821	00		A 1	9950	201
									,	WO 1	996-	ŲS15	44	1	w 1	9960	131

SH2-binding peptides comprising a core sequence of amino acids Z7XZ8X (X

a member independently selected from the group consisting of the 20 genetically coded L-amino acids and the stereoisomeric D-amino acids; 27

phosphotyrosine or an isostere thereof: 28 = asparagine or an isostere thereof; the amino acid terminus is acylated; the peptide is less than 14 amino acids: provided that if 27 is phosphotyrosine and 28 is asparagine, then the peptide is not GDGZTNZEXPLL), which bind to the SNZ domain or domains of various proteins, are prepared These peptides and compds.

application as agonists and antagonists of SH2 domain containing

eins, and
as diagnostic or. A library of peptides bound to a solid support, useful
for identifying ligands capable of binding to SH2 domains, is also
wred

prepared
therapeutic agents for the diagnosis or treatment of disease conditions.
A method for identifying an SH2-binding peptide comprises contacting the
resp. members of a library with an SH2 domain containing protein or SH2

resp. members of a library with an Data domain decided in the basis of a binding fragment and identifying SH2-binding peptides on the basis of a binding affinity of SI + 10-4 M. In particular, a method for treating a disease associated with aberrant cell growth, differentiation, or regulation which is associated with defects in receptor tyrosine kinase pathways comprises ackinistering to a patient above peptide in an amount sufficient to partially block or inhibit a cellular signal transduction pathway. Said disease is selected from cancer, developmental and

ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) phenylethyl)benzenesulfonylamino|pentanoic acid. The latter was verted to the acid chloride hydrochloride, which was condensed with pyrrolidin-2(R)-ylmethanol in DMF contg. Et3N to give 4-quanidino-1(S)2(R)-hydroxymethylpyrrolidine-1-carbonylbutyl)-3-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)benzenesulfonamide. Tested title compds. inhibited human a-thrombin with Ki = 0.007-0.094 µM.
184043-82-7P
RJ: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of arylsulfonylamino acid amide trypsin and thrombin inhibitors)
184043-62-7 CAPLUS
4-Piperidineethanol, 1-(2-amino-3-(4-(chloromethyl)-2-thiazolyl)-1-coxpropyl)-, acetate (ester), monohydrochloride, (8)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

• HCl

ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) differentiation disease, and insulin-resistant (or non-insulin dependent) diabetes. Thus, a phosphotyrosine-contg. peptide library on a solid support with the general sequence A-pY-X1-X2-X3-S-V (pY = phosphotyrosine residue, X1 - X3 = Ala, Arg, Asn, Asp, Glu, Gln, Gly, His, Ile, Leu, Lys, Met, Phe, Pro, Ser, Thr, Val. Tyr, Trp, Vul, Nle, etc.) representing 17,576 peptides was prepd. and one of the library sequence (ApYLNESV) showed greater affinity for the SH2 domain than did the pos. control sequence (ApYLNGSV, residue from the SH2-binding domain of human EGF) (4.5

µM vs. 12 µM). 134790-19-5Р

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or actant or reagent)
(preparation of peptides and peptide library having binding affinity

to SH2

domains for diagnosis and treatment of diseases)
134790-19-5 Captus
L-Phenylalanine, 4-(chloromethyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

RC1

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:186168 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:230163

Streptogramins and method for preparing same by TITLE:

Streptogramins and method for preparing same Dy mutasynthesis
Blanc, Veronique; Thibaut, Denis; Bamas-Jacques,
Nathalie; Blanche, Francis; Crouzet, Joel; Barriere,
Jean-Claude: Debussche, Laurent; Famechon, Alain;
Paris, Jean-Marc; Dutruc-Rosset, Gilles
Rhone-Foulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.
PCT Int. Appl., 145 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	NO.			KIN	0	DATE		A	PPI	ICAT	ION	NO.			DAT	E	
WO									W							199	507	704
	W:	AM.	AU.	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN, C	cz,	EE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	15	, J	Ρ,	KG,
		KP,	KR.	KZ,	LK.	LR.	LT,	LV,	MD, I	4G,	MN,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL	, R	٥,	RU,
		SG,	SI,	SK,	TJ.	TT.	UA,	UG,	US, I	JZ,	VN							
	RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, (GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NI	, P	T,	SĒ,
		BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN, I	u,	MR,	ΝĒ,	SN,	TD,	TO	;		
FR	2722	210	-		A1		1996	0112	C.	₹ 1	1994-	8478				199	40	708
FR	2722	210			В1		1996	0814										
CA	2193	130			AA		1996	0125	C	۹ 1	1995-	2193	130			199	501	704
(וב	9528	917			A1		1996	0209	A	J	1995-	2891	2			199	501	704
AU	7123	97			B2		1999	1104										
EP	7701	32			A1		1997	0502	E									
	R:	AT,	ΒĒ,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, G	GR,	IE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NI	,, P	Т,	SE
CN	1152	338			А		1997	0618	CI	1 1	1995-	1940	26			199	50	704
JΡ	1050	2532			T2		1998	0310	J	P 1	1995-	5041	49			199	50	704
HU	7734	1			A2		1998	0330	H	ט נ	1997-	42				199	50	704
BR	9508	714			А		1998	0602	B	R 1	1995-	8714				199	50	704
RU	2205	183			C2		2003	0527	R	J 1	1997-	1018	99			199	50	704
ZΑ	9505	688			A		1996	0226	2.1	A I	1995-	5688				199	50	707
NO	9700	047			Α		1997	0107	CI JI HI BI RI ZJ	2	1997-	47				199	70:	107
US	6352	839			В1		2002	0305	U	5 1	1997-	7659	07			199	70:	320
ŲS	2002	1429	4/		A1		2002	1003	U.	3 2	2001-	9876	14			200	11:	115
	6833	382			B2		2004	1221										
RIT	APP	LN.	INFO	.:					F	R I	1994-	8478			A	199	40	708
									W	0 1	1995-	FR88	9		w	199	50	704
									U	5 1	1997-	7659	07		А3	199	70:	320

Novel group B streptogramin-like compds. and a method for preparing streptogramins by mutasynthesis using a mutated micro-organism to influence the biosynthesis of at least one of the precursors of group B streptogramines, are disclosed. Novel nucleotide sequences involved in the biosynthesis of said precursors, and their uses, are also disclosed. Genes papB, papC, pipA, snbF, and hpaA of Streptomyces pristinaespiralis were cloned and sequenced. S. pristinaespiralis mutants containing an inactivated papA, pipA, or hpaA gene were prepared The papA—mutant cultured in the presence of phenylalanine derivs. (synthesis given) was used to prepare pristinamycin derivs.
174733-12-1

(Streptogramins and their manufacture with Streptomyces mutants)

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:701249 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:301249
TITLE: The synthesis of D,L-p-vinylphenylglycine by amidoalkylation, and its reactions
AUTHOR(S): Sheffer-Dee-Noor, Shanis Ben-Ishal, Dov
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Tech.-Israel Inst. Technol., Haifa, AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: 32000,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Chem., Tech.-Israel Inst. Technol., Haifa, 32000,

Israel

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1994), 50(23), 7009-18
CODEN: TETRAB: ISSN: 0040-4020

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE[S]: CASREACT 121:301249

AB Amidoalkylation of (2-chloroethyl)benzene or (2-bromoethyl)benzene with a-hydroxyglycine derivs. RCONNCH(OHOCZH (R = Ph, MeO), followed dehydrohalogenation, affords N-protected p-vinylphenylglycines RCONHCH(CHHCHCH2-4)COZH [Ir Rl = H, Me). Transformation of the vinyl group in I (R = MeO) leads to derivs. MeO2CHHCH(CGH4R2-4)COZH (R2 = CHBCCZBH.COZH, CHMCSHC, CHMCHMCDCMB, CHZOH, CHO, oxiranyl). The deprotection of these compds. is described.

IT 159106-07-7P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and elimination of, vinylglycine from)
RN 159106-07-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzeneacetic acid, q-amino-41/2-bromoethyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (474733-12-1 CAPLUS Phenylalanine, 4-(chloromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:217059 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:217059
Total synthesis of (+)-piperazinomycin. [Erratum to document cited in CA120(9):106615r]
AUTHOR(S): Boger, Dale L.; Zhou, Jiacheng
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Scripps Res. Inst., La Jolla, CA, 92037, 154

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

USA

CE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1994), 116(4), 1601

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

MENT TYPE: Journal

ULAGE: English

The errors were not reflected in the abstract or the index entries.

152429-03-0P

RL: PREP (Preparation)
(intermediate in total synthesis of piperazinomycin (Erratum))

152429-03-9 CAPLUS

L-Tyrosine, 3-hydroxy-N-[4-(iodomethyl)-L-phenylalanyl]-O-methyl-, methyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HC1

152429-93-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of (Erratum))
152429-93-1 CAPLUS
L-Tyrosine, 3-hydroxy-N- (4-(iodomethyl)-L-phenylalanyl)-O-methyl-, methyl
ester (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:106615 CAPLUS
120:106615 TOTAL
12

USA
Journal of the American Chemical Society (1993),
115(24), 11426-33
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
Journal
English
CASREACT 120:106615

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S):

111

A concise total synthesis of (+)-piperazinomycin (I), a novel naturally occurring macrocyclic piperazine possessing antimicrobial and antifungal activity, is detailed on the basis of the implementation of an improved Ulimann macrocyclization reaction conducted on a dixtopiperazine II to give diazatetracycloheneicosahexaene III (53%).

152429-83-99

RL: PREP (Preparation)
(intermediate in total synthesis of piperazinomycin)
152429-83-9 CAPLUS
L-Tyrosine, 3-hydroxy-N-[4-(iodomethyl)-L-phenylalanyl]-O-methyl-, methyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 10 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

● HC1

ΙT

152429-93-1F
RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
152429-93-1 CAPLUS
L-Tyrosine, 3-hydroxy-N-[4-(iodomethyl)-L-phenylalanyl)-O-methyl-, methyl
ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:517789 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:117789
TITLE: Synthesis of human CCK26-33 and CCK-33 related

analogs

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

on 2,4-DMBHA and TMBHA
Miranda, Maria Teresa Machini; Liddle, Rodger A.;
Rivier, Jean E.
Clayton Found. Lab. Pept. Biol., Salk Inst. Biol.
Stud., La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA
JOURNAL OF MEDICAL CHEMISTRY (1993), 36(12), 1681-8
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
JOURNAL
English

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

UNAUS: ENGLISS

New analogs of human cholecystokinin (CCK) in which the sulfotyrosine was replaced by p-(sulfomethyl)phenylalanine [Phe(p-CH2SO3Na)], methionines

norleucines, and tryptophan by L-2-naphthylalanine (Nal) were prepared to increase the chemical stability of the peptides during the synthesis,

full

deprotection/cleavage, and purification steps. Thus, modified title CCK analogs R-Asp-Phe(p-CH2SO3Na)-Nle-Gly-Nal-Nle-Asp-Phe-NH2 [R = H [I],

H-Lys-Ala-Pro-Ser-Gly-Arg-Nle-Ser-Ile-Val-Lys-Asn-Leu-Gln-Asn-Leu-Asp-Pro-Ser-His-Arg-Ile-Ser-Asp-Arg (II)] were prepared by 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl (Fmoc) solid phase methodol. on two different resins [2,4-dmatchoxybenzhydrylamine (2,4-DmBHA) and 4-(benzyloxy)-2',4'-dimethoxybenzhydrylamine (TMBHA)]. While the syntheses on the TMBHA resin

resin nas more sluggish than those carried out on the 2,4-DMBHA resin, both final crude products were of equivalent relative purity and after

purification gave
 approx. the same final yields of analogs estimated to have a purity >93% using

reverse-phase HPLC and capillary zone electrophoresis. I and II were further characterized by amino acid anal. and liquid secondary ion mas spectrometry. II was submitted to 33 Edman cycles and shown to be the desired product with <33 preview. Both analogs were tested for their ability to stimulate amylase release from isolated rat pancreatic acir In this assay, I and II were 10 and 30 times less potent than CCK-8,

resp. IT

resp.

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and substitution of, with sulfite, sulfomethyl derivative from)
R 134790-19-5 CAPLUS
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-(chloromethyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:571987 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:171987 EXCITATION ACCESSION ACCESSION NUMBER: 117:171987 EXCITATION ACCESSION ACCESSIO Excitatory amino acid receptor ligands. Synthesis

biological activity of 3-isoxazolol amino acids structurally related to homoibotenic acid Christensen, Inge T.; Ebert, Bjarke: Madsen, Ulf; Nielsen, Birgitte; Brehm, Lotte; Krogsgaard-Larsen, AUTHOR (S):

Pov1 maBiotec Res. Cent., R. Dan. Sch. Pharm., Copenhagen, DK-2100, Den. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1992), 35(19), CORPORATE SOURCE:

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S):

English CASREACT 117:171987

The 3-isoxazolol amino acid (RS)-2-amino-3-(3-hydroxy-5-methylisoxazol-4-yl)propionic acid (AMPA) [1] and the isomeric compound (RS)-2-amino-3-(3-hydroxy-4-methylisoxazol-5-yl)propionic acid (4-methylhomoibotenic acid (I, R = Me) are potent agonists at the AMPA subtype of central

excitatory
amino acid receptors. Using II (R = Me) as a lead structure, the amino acids II (R = n-Bu, n-octyl, CH2CH2OH), in which the 4-Me group of II (R

Me) is replaced by substituents of different size and polarity, were synthesized. Attempts to synthesize 4-(bromomethyl)homoibotenic acid

R = CH2Br), a potential receptor alkylating agent, were unsuccessful. II (R = n-Bu, CH2CH2OH) were equipotent as inhibitors of [3H]AMPA binding (IC50 = 2 μ M) and showed similar excitatory activity in the rat cortical slice preparation I (R = n= octyl) did not show significant affinity

AMPA receptor sites, but turned out to be a weak N-mathyl-D-aspartic acid (NNDA) receptor antagonist. However, like II (R = n-Bu, CH2CH2OH), II = n-octyl) did not significantly affect the binding of the competitive NMDA antagonist, [3H|CPP, or the noncompetitive NMDA antagonist, [3H|CPP, or the noncompetitive NMDA antagonist, [3H|KK-80]. None of the amino acids II showed detectable affinity for [3H|Kainic acid binding sites. Like the parent compound, II (R = Me)

[3H] kainic acid Dinding sites. Asia and proceedings of the Color of t

ANSWER 12 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) inhibitor of calcium chloride-dependent [3H]glutamic acid binding and may be a useful tool for studies of the physiol. relevance and pharmacol. importance of this binding affinity. 145006-76-2P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (attempted preparation of) 143006-76-2 CAPLUS 5-1aoxazolepropanoic acid, \(\alpha \) -amino-4-(bromomethyl)-2,3-dihydro-3-oxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

сн₂- сн- со₂н

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 15
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
116:106792 CAPLUS
116:106792 C

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 451422	A1	19911016	EP 1990-401022	19900413
R: FR				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 1990-401022	19900413

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 116:106792

AB The title compds. (I: X = CH2F, CHF2; R1, R2 = H, F, C1, Br, iodo: one of R1, R2 = halo and the other = H: R3 = H, Me: R4 = H, alkyl, Ph, PhCH2

X = CHF2; R4 = H when X = CH2F), useful in the treatment of diseases caused by high levels of catecholamines such as hypertension, schizophrenia, and pheochromocycome, are prepared Thus, bromination of N,O-di-tert-butoxycarbonyl-2-(fluoromethyl)tyrosine Me ester with N-bromosuccinimide and fluorination of the resulting bromide with AgF gave, after deprotection, 2-fluoromethyltyrosine [II]. Injection of mice with II (unspecified amount) i.p. reduced the cortical norepinephrine

1
to 63 ± 64 of the control vs. 58 ± 91 for a-methyl-p-tyrosine.
133409-90-2P 139241-95-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as tyrosine hydroxylase inhibitor)
133409-90-2 CAPLUS
Tyrosine, 2-{fluoromethyl}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 139241-95-5 CAPLUS

ANSWER 13 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued) Tyrosine, 2-(fluoromethyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• HC1

ANSWER 14 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)

● HC1

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:450275 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:50275
TITLE: Solid-phase synthesis of a fully active analog of cholecystokinin using the acid-stable
BOC-Phe(p-CH2) SO3H as a substitute for Boc-Tyr(SO3H) in CCK8

cholecystokinin using the acid-stable
BOC-Phe(p-CH2)SO3H as a substitute for Boc-Tyr(SO3H)
in CCK8

AUTHOR(S):

GONZALEZ-MUNIZ, ROSATIOZ COTNILLE, Pabrice: Bergeron,
Plorence: Ficheux, Damien: Pothier, Joel: Durieux,
Christiene: Roques, Bernard P.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Org. Chem., UFR Pharm. Biol. Sci., Paris, 75270,
Fr.

SOURCE:

International Journal of Peptide & Protein Research
(1991), 37(4), 331-40
COODEN: JJPPC3; ISSN: 0367-8377

DOCUMENT TYPE:
Journal
LANGUAGE:

English
OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 115:50275

AB Substitution of the OSO3H group in the sulfated tyrosine by the
nonhydrolyzable CH2SO3H group was the first described modification of the
sulfate ester that does not affect CCK9 activity. In addition to its
capacity to mimic the sulfated tyrosine residue, the amino acid
Phe(p-CH2SO3Na) was shown to be stable in acidic media, including HF
containing mixts. The synthesis of Boc-Phe(p-CH2SO3Na)-OH (Boc =

Me3CO2C) in
racemic and resolved forms and its introduction into the sequence of CCK8
by solid phase using standard Boc/benzyl synthesis conditions and BOP as
coupling reagent is now reported. The two CCK8 analogs containing the
L- or
the D-Phe(p-CH2SO3Na) residue, obtained in satisfactory yields, were

the D-Phe(p-CH2SO3Na) residue, obtained in satisfactory yields, were

separated
by HPLC and the stereochem. of Phe(p-CH2SO3Na) residue in each peptide

established by NMR apectroscopy and confirmed by a sep. solid-phase synthesis in which the pure L isomer was used. Both CCKR analogs displayed high affinities for peripheral and central receptors (KI apprx.l nM) and proved to be full agonists in the stimulation of pancreatic amylase secretion. The "stabilized-CCKR peptide", easily prepared by solid phase, could replace the native peptide in biochem and pharmacol. studies. Moreover the modified amino acid Phe(p-CHZSOSNm) could also be used in solid phase synthesis to prepare a wide variety of

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 15
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
11931:186048 CAPLUS
11931:186048 CAPLUS
114:186048
Syntheses of DL-2-fluoromethyl-p-tyrosine and
DL-2-(difluoromethyl)-p-tyrosine as potential
inhibitors of tyrosine hydroxylase
McDonald, Ian A.: Nyce, Philip L.:
Sabol, Jeffrey S.
SOURCE:
SOURCE:
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
CODEN: TELEAY: ISSN: 0040-4039
JOURNAL

CODEN: Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S): English CASREACT 114:186048

The title compds. I (R = H and F) were prepared from o-xylene II and benzoate III, resp. I (R = H) was obtained from II in 11 steps: a key step was the free radical bromination of tyrosine IV (Boc = Me3Co2C, R1 = H) with NBS followed by treatment with Agf to give IV (R1 = F). I (R =